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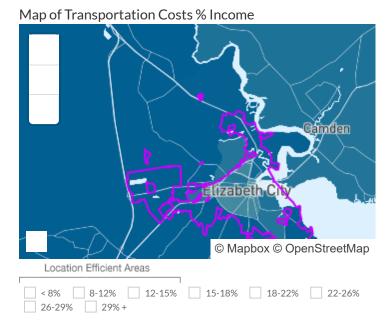




# Municipality: Elizabeth City, NC

Traditional measures of housing affordability ignore transportation costs. Typically a household's second-largest expenditure, transportation costs are largely a function of the characteristics of the neighborhood in which a household chooses to live. Location Matters. Compact and dynamic neighborhoods with walkable streets and high access to jobs, transit, and a wide variety of businesses are more efficient, affordable, and sustainable.

The statistics below are modeled for the Regional Typical Household. Income: \$49,788 Commuters: 0.99 Household Size: 2.44 (Elizabeth City, NC)



#### **Location Efficiency Metrics**

Places that are compact, close to jobs and services, with a variety of transportation choices, allow people to spend less time, energy, and money on transportation.

0%

Percent of location efficient neighborhoods

### Neighborhood Characteristic Scores (1-10)

As compared to neighborhoods in all 955 U.S. regions in the Index

Job Access

AllTransit Performance Score

0

Compact Neighborhood

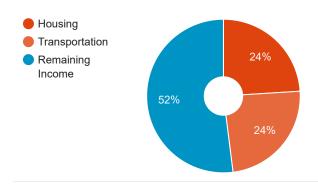
3.4

Moderate access to jobs Car-dependent with very limited or no access to public transportation

Low density and limited walkability

### Average Housing + Transportation Costs % Income

Factoring in both housing *and* transportation costs provides a more comprehensive way of thinking about the cost of housing and true affordability.



### **Transportation Costs**

In dispersed areas, people need to own more vehicles and rely upon driving them farther distances which also drives up the cost of living.



\$11,853

Annual Transportation Costs



1.60

Autos Per Household



15,746

Average Household VMT

0%
Transit Ridership % of Workers

11

Annual Transit Trips

6.20 Tonnes

Annual Greenhouse Gas per Household

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# H+T Metrics

Affordability		Demographics	
Housing + Transportation Costs % Income:	48%	Block Groups:	13
Housing Costs % Income:	24%	Households:	4,987
Transportation Costs % Income:	24%	Population:	13,405
Household Transportation Model Outputs		Environmental Characteristics	
Autos per Household:	1.60	Residential Density 2010:	1.99 HHs/Res.
Annual Vehicle Miles Traveled per Household:	15,746		Acre
Transit Ridership % of Workers:	0%	Gross Household Density:	0.67 HH/Acre
Annual Transportation Cost:	\$11,853	Regional Household Intensity:	4,886
Annual Auto Ownership Cost:	\$9,548		HH/mile <sup>2</sup>
·		Percent Single Family Detached Households:	63%
Annual VMT Cost:	\$2,296	Employment Access Index:	5,718
Annual Transit Cost:	\$9		Jobs/mi <sup>2</sup>
Annual Transit Trips:	11	Employment Mix Index (0-100):	82
		Transit Connectivity Index (0-100):	0
Housing Costs		Transit Access Shed:	0 km <sup>2</sup>
Average Monthly Housing Cost:	\$984	Jobs Accessible in 30 Minute Transit Ride:	0
Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs:	\$1,239	Available Transit Trips per Week:	0
Median Gross Monthly Rent:	\$824	Average Block Perimeter:	1,846 Meters
Percent Owner Occupied Housing Units:	48%	Average Block Size :	21 Acres
Percent Renter Occupied Housing Unit:	52%	Intersection Density:	86/mi <sup>2</sup>

Greenhouse Gas from Household Auto Use

Annual GHG per Household: 6.20 Tonnes
Annual GHG per Acre: 8.97 Tonnes

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